

**SAE Digital Human Modeling Reception at Gothenburg City Hall  
Borsen, the City Hall at Gustaf Adolf Square  
Wednesday, June 10  
7:00 – 8:30 p.m.**

A light meal consisting of some salad, wine, and non-alcoholic drinks will be served. We will be welcomed by Mrs Elisabeth Rothenberg, vice chairman of the Municipal Council.

## **Gothenburg City Hall**

The **Gothenburg City Hall**, also known as the **Stock Exchange**, is a building in Gothenburg, at the north side of the Gustaf Adolf Square. The building was designed by architect Pehr Johan Ekman and opened on December 1, 1849. Following the consolidation of stock trading to the Stockholm Stock Exchange, the building housed the municipal offices of the City of Gothenburg, and the City Council has, since January 5, 1863, conducted its meetings there.

## **History**

By statute enacted in 1661, the first trade guild in Sweden was created in Gothenburg, meeting at the Town Hall building located on what is now the Gustaf Adolf Square. In 1781, the Stock Exchange Society was founded, and met at the town hall.

The current City Hall building is located on the site of the Kaulbarska House that had been owned by Baron Johan von Kaulbars, who had been a general in the army of King Charles XII. The house was torn down in the early 19th century to make way for a new building. By 1844, the city's merchants had raised enough funds for the construction of the building, with the cornerstone being laid on June 1 of that year.

The importance as an exchange, however, soon diminished and the house was rebuilt in the early 1900s to serve as a modern town hall for the fast growing Göteborg.

The building is frequently used for representation purposes and members of the City Council meet here.

