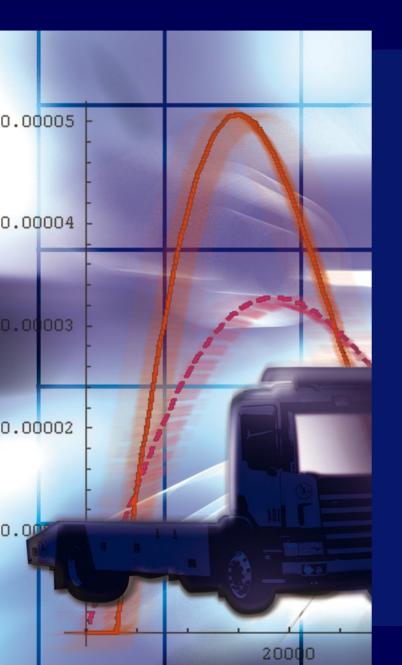
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Failure Mode Based Optimization of Durability and Reliability Validation Programs

SAE Ground Vehicle Reliability Committee Presentation

Dr. Klaus Denkmayr

Reno, October 23rd, 2006



Content

- AVL's Reliability Engineering Process
- The Load Matrix Failure Mode based Optimization of Validation Programs
- Conclusions



Content

AVL's Reliability Engineering Process

 The Load Matrix – Failure Mode based Optimization of Validation Programs

Conclusions

Who is AVL?



Privately owned company (Owner: Prof List and family) **Turnover:** 1984: ~40 million € 2006: ~500 million € Staff: 1984: ~560 2006: ~3500 Average R&D spending 10 % of turnover

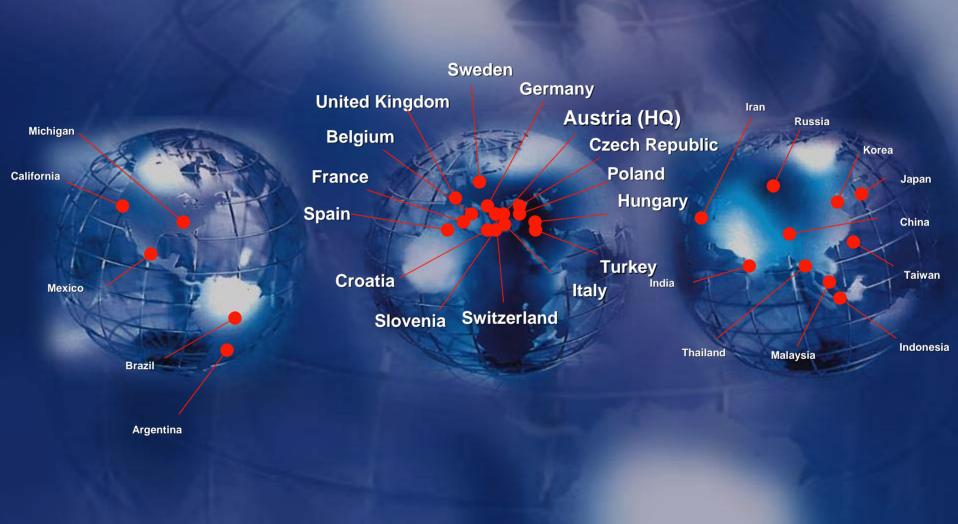


AVL Powertrain Engineering

AVL Advanced Simulation Technologies

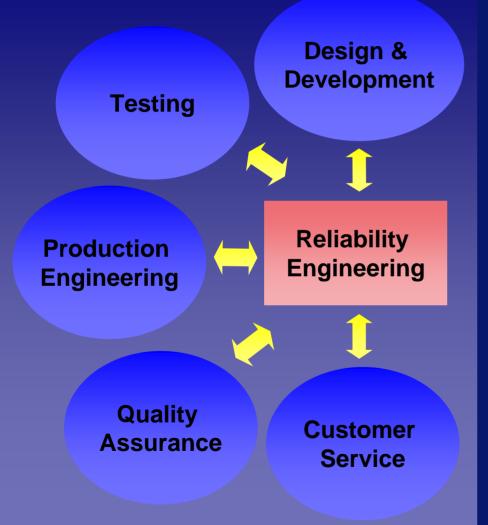
AVL Instrumentation and Test Systems

AVL Establishments



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A Reliability Engineering Approach for Powertrain Development

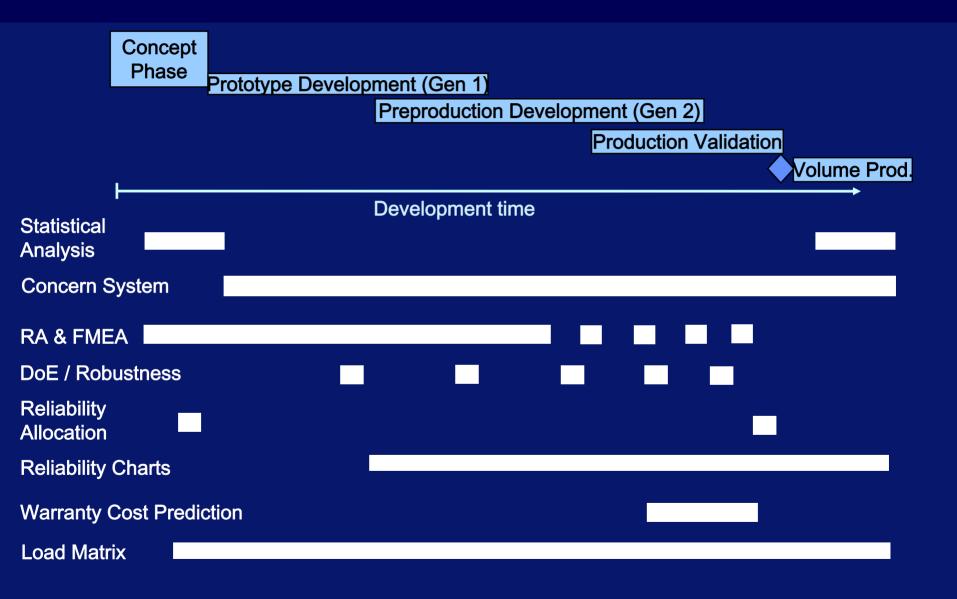


AVL's Reliability Engineering ...

- Is focused on failure-free products in the field
- Includes a range of methods,
 - Risk management
 - Field and test data analysis
 - Statistical methods
 - Validation optimisation
- Is a comprehensive process throughout product development



The Reliability Engineering Process





Project Risk Assessment

- To get a quick, clear and unbiased view on project risks
- To be able to act upon critical risks in an appropriate way

How?

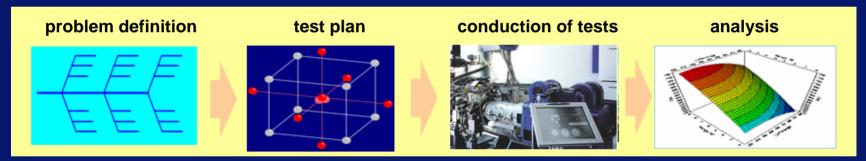
- The risks not to reach the project targets are rated.
- Assessment is done similar to FMEA. Scoring system, facilitator, interdisciplinary team.
- Technical, organisational, financial, and legal / contractual risks are covered.
- Generation of an action plan.





Robustness / DoE Techniques

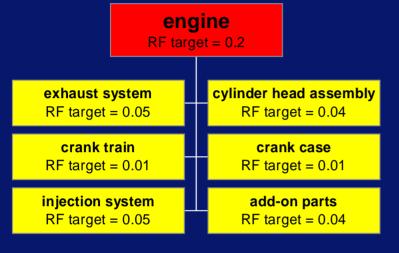
- Application of DoE (Design of Experiments) and related statistical methods
- Definition of variants of reference duty cycles
- Derivation of load variations for especially critical components / failure modes



Benefits

- Optimized, robust design and testing
- Reduction of test effort
- Insight into "load space" and damaging parameters

Reliability Allocation



(simplified model)

F target = 0.04 Reliability values (eg, B₁₀ and RF) are allocated to each subsystem

 Values are derived from similar projects, prototypes, FMEAs and field data.

The system is modelled reliability-

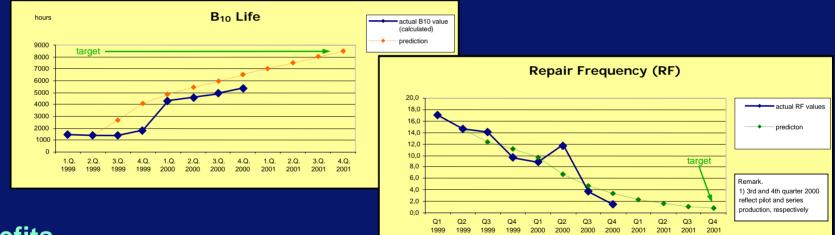
wise as a block diagram

Benefits

- Gives an instant overview of the whole system and on reliability-critical parts
- Provides reliability targets for as an input for supplier technical specs
- Serves as a basis for life cycle cost models

Reliability Charts -Reliability Improvement Monitoring

- Monitoring technique shows the durability and reliability status of an engine / powertrain / vehicle during product development
- One chart is made for the system lifetime, another one for Repair Frequency or MTBF value (classical Reliability Growth Testing)



Benefits

- Shows current and historic values of reliability indices
- Illustrates the rate of improvement of these indices
- Provides a basis for prediction of the indices in the future

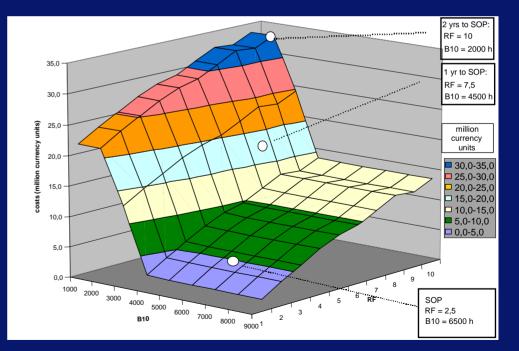
Warranty Cost Models

Warranty Cost Models

- illustrate in which way warranty costs depend on the B₁₀ and the MTBF/RF values of the product
- reflect 100%-repair campaigns due to serial defects
- require as input repair costs and subsystem failure distributions (from field data or estimated from protos)

Benefits

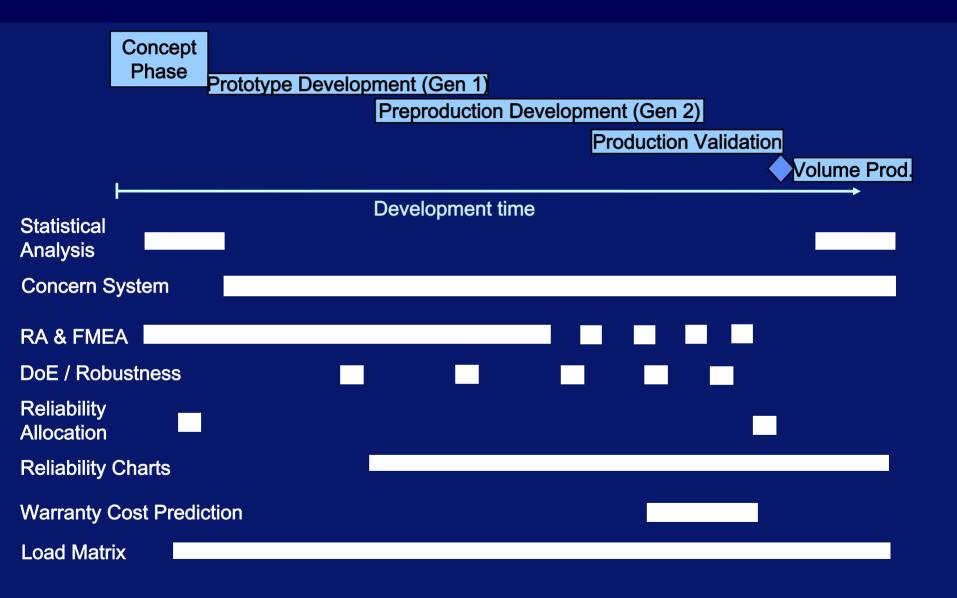
- make the costs of unreliability transparent
- show the SOP risk



can be used as a basis for life cycle cost prediction



The Reliability Engineering Process





Content

- AVL's Reliability Engineering Process
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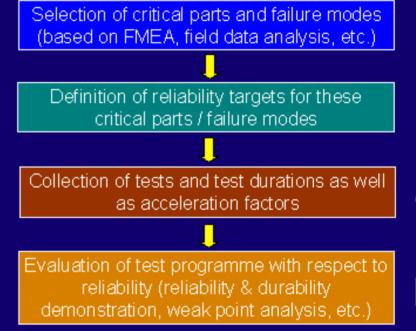
The Load Matrix

The Load Matrix is ...

 a methodology to optimise test & validation programs systematically

The Load Matrix is applied to

- optimise existing "traditional" durability & reliability validation programs
- design optimal validation programs for new systems (eg, DPF)



Load Matrix Details

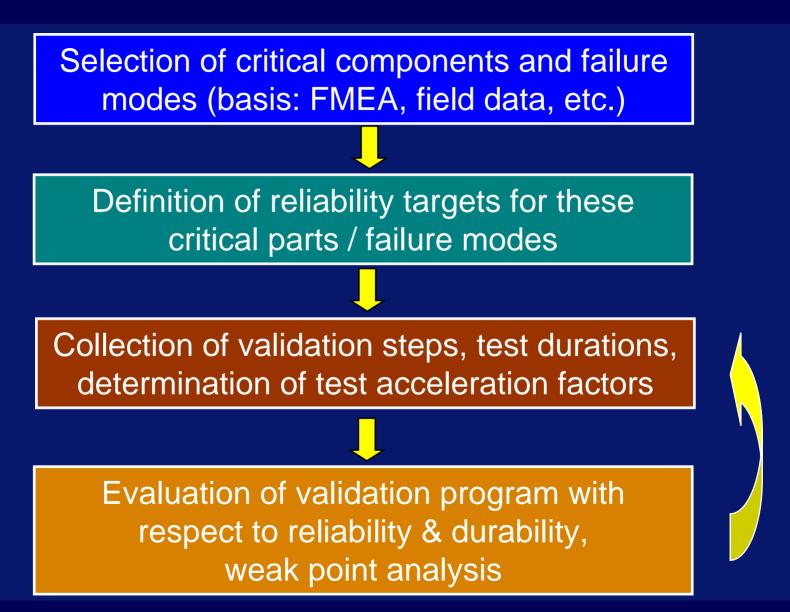
The Load Matrix ...

- is based on component and failure mode specific test acceleration factors
- uses these specific acceleration factors as weighting factors to compare test efficiency and life coverage
- uses damage models to calculate acceleration

The Load Matrix is used for ...

 minimising validation costs without jeopardizing product durability & reliability

Load Matrix Process



Selection of critical components & failure modes

Existing reliability field data (e.g, from previous engine)

TOP FIELD PROBLEMS OF ENGI				
Part name	Failure Rate (ppm)			
Injection pump	2110			
Cylinder head	1690			
Connector 36A	1450			
ECU	1420			
Gasket 145	1350			
T/C	1100			
Exhaust manifold	1040			

FMEAs and FP sheets of new subsystems

Π	Edit FMEA							
F	FMEA Add Delete Move Edit Help							
E								
Г	- FMEA REPORT NO: F789							
	P	art Details		Fail Details:				
	13659 End Plug Entrap Oil/Gas in Cylins [®] No Seal with Cylinder 12660 Piston Proceures Oil/Gas							
		Part Narro Part No.	Part Function	Fail Mode	Fail Effect			
	1		Entrap Oil/Gas in Cylinder	No Seal with Cylinder	Hatch will no up			
	2							



Component / failure mode

- 2 Piston Ring / wear
- 3 Cylinder head / valve bridge fracture
- 4 Cylinder head / valve seat wear
- 5 Connector / Fretting

6

....

Result: List of critical components and failure modes

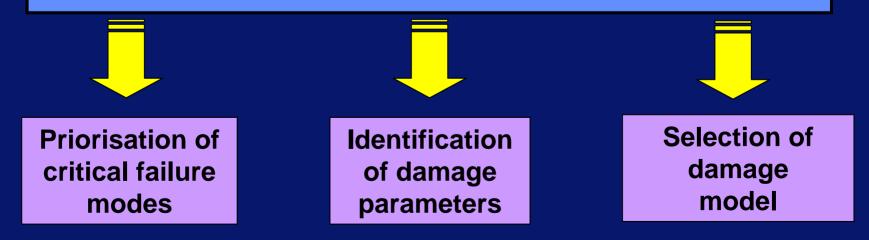


An Important Tool: The FP Sheet

FMEA, Risk Analysis, Field Data, Experience



= Extended FMEA with emphasis on parameters relevant for damaging and critical operating conditions

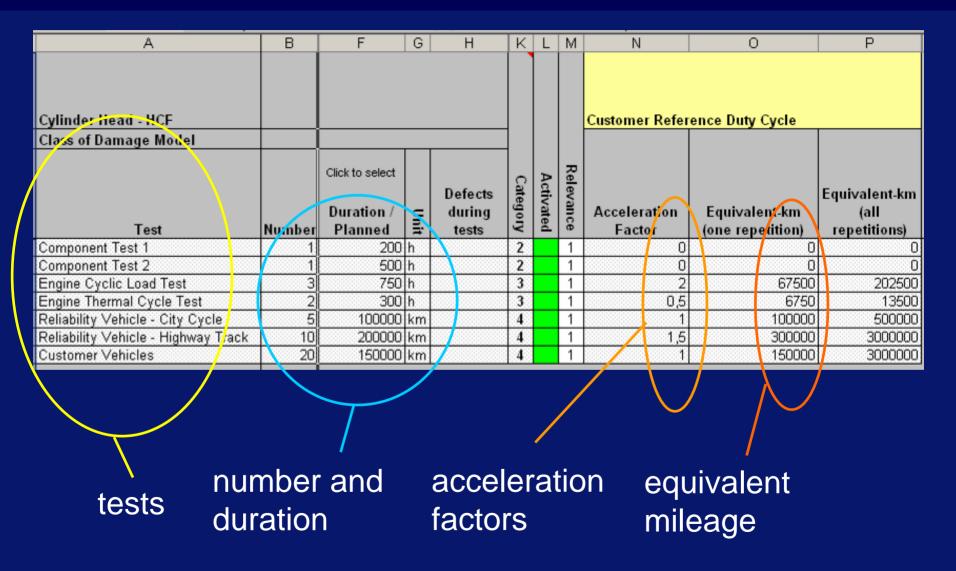


Example of an FP Sheet (shortened)

ED about											1
FP sheet											
Subsystem/ Komponente	Failure Mode	Failure Cause	Failure effect	Pri orit J	(Sub)System- parameter	Damaging operating condition	Classification model	Damage model	Damage model class	measurements	rema acce
Substrate	substrate cracks	thermal stress	soot accumulation too low	1	Temperature, - gradient, exhaust gas stream, O2	Regeneration operation, worst case (= filter overloading, idle during regeneration), load change (start/stop)	Rainflow substrate temperatur	Wöhler / Miner	в	Temperature difference sensor vehicle application	
	Volume reduction	ash accumulation	increased regeneration frequency >> emissions too high, oil dilution >> engine damage	1	Ash in exhaust gas, temperature	high load operation (oil, fuel cunsumption), ash content in oil, fuel quality	accumulated oil and fuel consumption	oil consumption measurement, fuel consumption measurement	в	durability documentation	
Catalytic coating	dagradation of surface			1	ash in exhaust gas				в		

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Example. Load Matrix Single Sheet for Cylinder Head High Cycle Fatigue





Example. Load Matrix Summary Sheet

A	В	D	E	F	Н		J
-	Unit (km, mi) confidence level Show: planned duration	km 0,9					
-					E emonstrable re	310-target (km) Jiability at (km)	250.000 60.000
Component Information					Customer Refe		
Sheet	Crit. Component / Failure Mode	Weibull Parameter Gamma	Weibull Parameter Beta	Reliability Target	-	Sum of Equivalent km	Demonstrable Reliability (Weibull
1	Cylinder Head - HCF	Π	1,00	0,999	test 300.000	6.716.000	Distribution) 0,980
2	Cylinder Head - LCF valve bridge	0	2,50	0,998	240.000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0,996
3	Piston Ring - Wear	0	2,00	0,995	280.000	6.534 50	0,994
4	DPF - Substrate Crack (thermal cycling)	0	2,50	0,990	300.000	6.250.000	0,997
5	Injector joint - wear (engine vibration)	0	1,50	0,999	300.000	6.611.000	0,989

- Highlights existing durability risks of the validation program
- Indicates to what extent the test program is adequate to demonstrate the target reliabilities

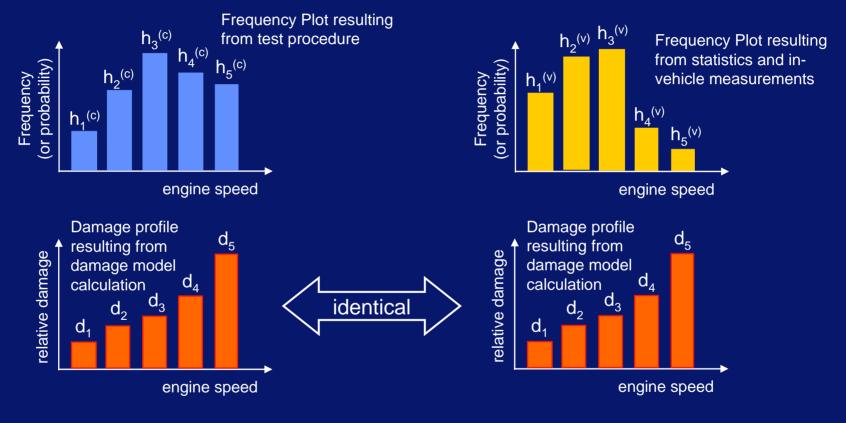
Derived actions to reduce risks include higher acceleration, new test procedure, calculation (e.g., FEM analysis), longer test time / mileage, customer fleets)

Calculation of Acceleration Factor (simplified)

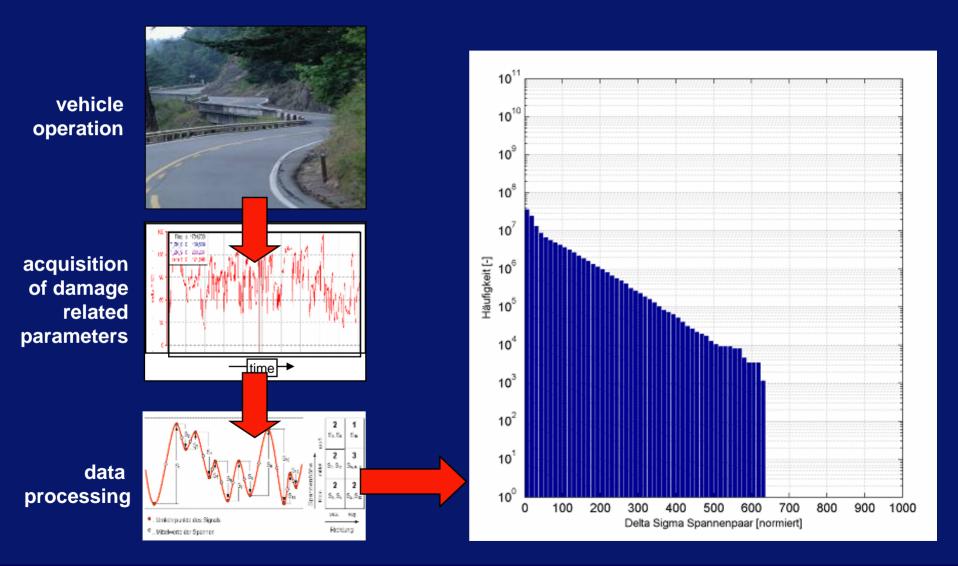


Test: Cyclic Load Test

Vehicle (duty cycle)

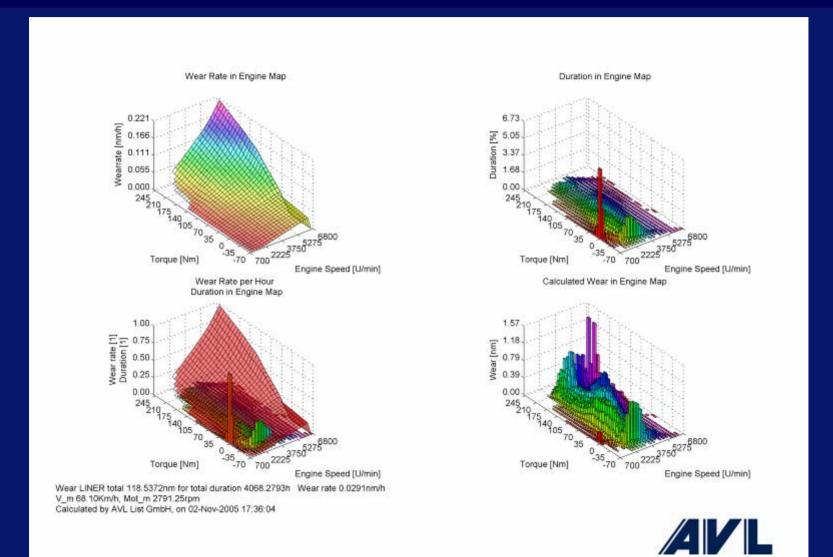


Data Processing w.r.t. to Damage



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Example of Damage Calculation (Matlab-based)





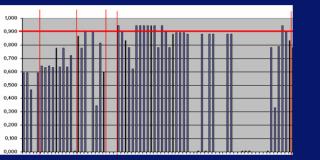
Classes of Damage Models

Class	Method	Example
A	empirical model based on general experience	damage is proportional to the number of actuations
В	simplified physical model	$L = (C/P)^m$ for the lifetime of a ball bearing
С	full physical model Modell	FE-Analysis + Damage Accumulation Hypothesis + Actual material data

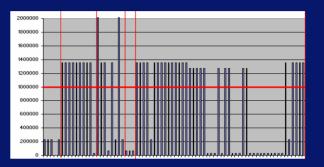
Example. Optimization of an Exhaust Aftertreatment System Validation Plan



Reliability

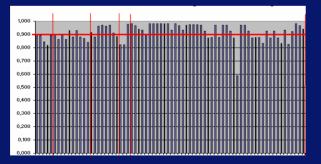


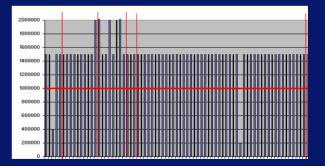
Durability



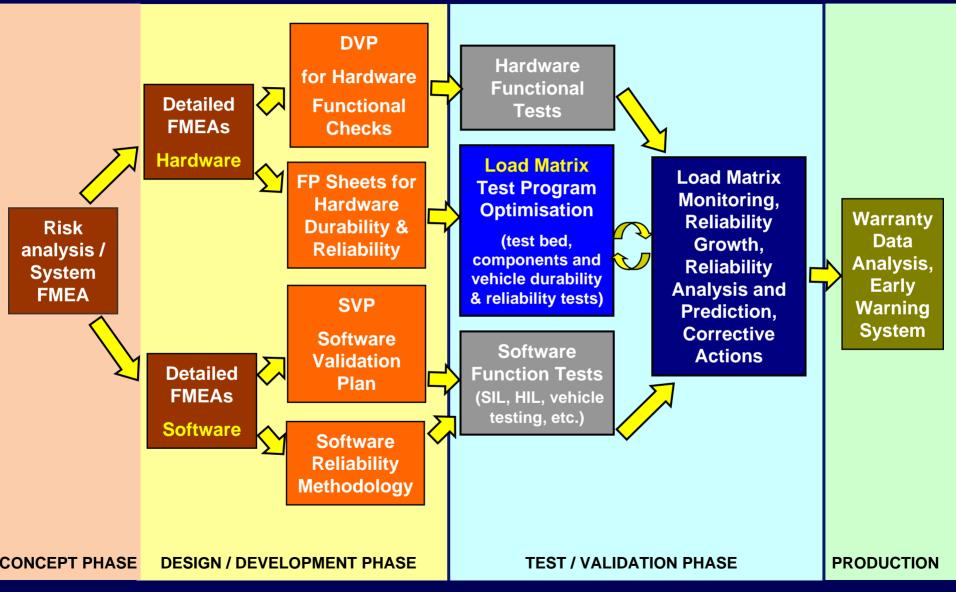
Optimization

Plan after Optimization





Load Matrix as Key Element of an Overall Risk Mimimisation Process





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Failure mode based optimization of validation ...

- Generates complete and balanced validation plans, including analysis, component testing, test bed tests, vehicle tests.
- Shows how far durability and reliability targets can be demonstrated.
- Helps to avoid unnecessary testing.
- Supports the exchange and proper use of key information from all involved partners, including suppliers.
- Supports optimised assessment procedures to make full use of all available information.
- Helps in deciding on the benefits of additional validation steps.

A Selection of Recent Projects

Customer	System	Tasks
European OEM	HD Diesel Engine	Setup of a warranty cost prediction modelAssessment of Validation Program
European OEM	HD Diesel Engine	 Determination of sub-system specific acceleration factors Validation program optimisation
Supplier	Diesel Particle Filter	 Definition of a test program Definition of the LOAD MATRIX for Substrate, Mat and Canning
European OEM	DENOX System	 Definition and optimisation of a test program
Japanese OEM	SUV and LCV TCI Diesel Engine	 Determination of the effect of a different vehicle application (LCV instead of SUV) on engine life Definition of a durability test program
European OEM	Rear Axle	Setup of Load MatrixAssessment of current test program
European OEM	Pass Car Gasoline Engine	 Comparison of two different validation programs
European OEM	LCV and HD TCI Diesel Engine	 Assessment of validation program for a DPF application

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Thank you for your attention!